

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549-1004
FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Under Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

FOR QUARTER ENDED October 27, 2001 COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1-9656

LA-Z-BOY INCORPORATED

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

MICHIGAN

38-0751137

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

1284 North Telegraph Road, Monroe, Michigan

48162-3390

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (734) 241-4414

None

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X

No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each issuer's classes of common stock, as of the last practicable date:

Class	Outstanding at October 27, 2001
Common Shares, \$1.00 par value	60,762,719

LA-Z-BOY INCORPORATED
FORM 10-Q SECOND QUARTER OF FISCAL 2002

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page Number(s)
PART I Financial Information	
Item 1. Financial Statements	
Consolidated Balance Sheet.....	3
Consolidated Statement of Income.....	4
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.....	5
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	
Note 1. Basis of Presentation.....	6
Note 2. Interim Results.....	6
Note 3. Restructuring.....	6-7
Note 4. Other Income.....	7
Note 5. Earnings per Share.....	7
Note 6. Accounting Change.....	7
Note 7. Segment Information.....	7-8
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	
Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements....	8-9
Results of Operations.....	9-11
Liquidity and Capital Resources.....	11-12
Outlook.....	12-13

Item 3. Quantitative & Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.....13-14

PART II Other Information

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.....14

Signature.....15

PART I FINANCIAL
INFORMATION ITEM

1. FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS LA-Z-
BOY INCORPORATED
CONSOLIDATED
BALANCE SHEET
(Amounts in
thousands)

Unaudited -----

Increase/(Decrease)

-- Audited

10/27/01 10/28/00

Dollars Percent

4/28/01 -----

Current assets

Cash and
equivalents

~~\$24,797~~ ~~\$16,741~~

~~\$8,056~~ ~~48%~~ ~~\$23,565~~

Receivables—net

~~377,744~~ ~~402,603~~

~~(24,859)~~ ~~6%~~

~~380,867~~

Inventories—Raw

materials ~~82,045~~

~~100,948~~ ~~(18,903)~~

~~19%~~ ~~90,381~~ Work

in progress ~~60,250~~

~~67,934~~ ~~(7,684)~~

~~11%~~ ~~62,465~~

Finished goods

~~113,010~~ ~~114,199~~

~~(1,189)~~ ~~1%~~

~~115,425~~

----- FIFO

inventories

~~255,305~~ ~~283,081~~

~~(27,776)~~ ~~10%~~

~~268,271~~ Excess of

FIFO over LIFO

~~(10,850)~~ ~~(7,703)~~

~~(3,147)~~ ~~41%~~

~~(10,384)~~

----- Total

inventories

~~244,455~~ ~~275,378~~

~~(30,923)~~ ~~11%~~

~~257,887~~ Deferred

income taxes

~~19,771~~ ~~18,769~~

~~1,002~~ ~~5%~~ ~~26,168~~

Income taxes—

current ~~2,944~~

~~5,655~~ ~~(2,711)~~ ~~48%~~

~~2,944~~ Other

current assets

~~16,133~~ ~~14,059~~

~~2,074~~ ~~15%~~ ~~17,345~~

----- Total current

assets ~~685,844~~

~~733,205~~ ~~(47,361)~~

~~6%~~ ~~708,776~~

Property, plant

and equipment
~~219,656~~ ~~226,922~~
~~(7,266)~~ ~~3%~~
~~230,341~~ Goodwill
~~110,497~~ ~~116,224~~
~~(5,727)~~ ~~5%~~
~~112,755~~ Trade
names ~~118,876~~
~~124,101~~ ~~(5,225)~~
~~4%~~ ~~120,981~~ Other
long term assets
~~55,503~~ ~~58,130~~
~~(2,627)~~ ~~5%~~ ~~52,944~~

Total assets
~~\$1,190,376~~
~~\$1,258,582~~
~~(\$68,206)~~ ~~5%~~
~~\$1,225,797~~

Current
liabilities Lines
of credit ~~\$0~~ ~~\$0~~ ~~\$0~~
N/M ~~\$10,380~~
Current portion of
long term debt
~~6,559~~ ~~1,622~~ ~~4,937~~
~~304%~~ ~~5,304~~ Current
portion of capital
leases ~~488~~ ~~457~~ ~~31~~
~~7%~~ ~~541~~ Accounts
payable ~~88,604~~
~~108,305~~ ~~(19,701)~~
~~18%~~ ~~92,830~~
Payroll and other
compensation
~~69,694~~ ~~67,139~~
~~2,555~~ ~~4%~~ ~~78,550~~
Income taxes
~~10,423~~ ~~9,808~~ ~~615~~
~~6%~~ ~~11,490~~ Other
current
liabilities ~~56,816~~
~~51,282~~ ~~5,534~~ ~~11%~~
~~50,820~~

Total
current
liabilities
~~232,584~~ ~~238,613~~
~~(6,029)~~ ~~3%~~
~~249,915~~ Long term
debt ~~171,477~~
~~255,818~~ ~~(84,341)~~
~~33%~~ ~~196,923~~
Capital leases
~~2,278~~ ~~2,868~~ ~~(590)~~
~~21%~~ ~~2,496~~
Deferred income
taxes ~~46,236~~
~~52,493~~ ~~(6,257)~~
~~12%~~ ~~45,709~~ Other
long term
liabilities ~~39,380~~
~~32,385~~ ~~6,995~~ ~~22%~~
~~35,608~~
Contingencies and
commitments
Shareholders'
equity Common
shares, \$1 par
value ~~60,763~~
~~60,227~~ ~~536~~ ~~1%~~
~~60,501~~ Capital in

~~excess of par
value 211,138
211,035 103 0%
210,924 Retained
earnings 434,348
408,221 26,127 6%
427,616 Accum-
other
comprehensive loss
(7,828) (3,078)
(4,750) 154%
(3,895)~~

~~----- Total
shareholders'
equity 698,421
676,405 22,016 3%
695,146 Total
liabilities and~~

~~-----
shareholders'
equity \$1,190,376
\$1,258,582
(\$68,206) 5%
\$1,225,797~~

~~=====~~
~~=====~~
~~----- The
accompanying Notes
to Consolidated
Financial
Statements are an
integral part of
these statements.~~

LA-Z-BOY INCORPORATED
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME
(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)
(UNAUDITED)
SECOND QUARTER ENDED

	10/27/01 (13 Weeks)	10/28/00 (13 Weeks)	% Over (Under)	Percent of Sales	
				10/27/01	10/28/00
Sales	\$559,189	\$592,700	-6%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales	435,510	450,569	-3%	77.9%	76.0%
Gross profit	123,679	142,131	-13%	22.1%	24.0%
S, G & A	102,073	97,295	5%	18.2%	16.4%
Operating profit	21,606	44,836	-52%	3.9%	7.6%
Interest expense	2,044	4,497	-55%	0.4%	0.8%
Interest income	387	329	18%	0.1%	0.1%
Other income, net	363	5,860	-94%	0.0%	1.0%
Pretax income	20,312	46,528	-56%	3.6%	7.9%
Income tax expense	7,921	17,612	-55%	39.0% *	37.9% *
Net income	\$12,391	\$28,916	-57%	2.2%	4.9%
Basic EPS	\$0.20	\$0.48	-58%		
Diluted avg. shares	61,052	60,684	1%		
Diluted EPS	\$0.20	\$0.48	-58%		
Dividends paid per share	\$0.09	\$0.09	0%		

(UNAUDITED)
SIX MONTHS ENDED

	10/27/01 (26 Weeks)	10/28/00 (26 Weeks)	% Over (Under)	Percent of Sales	
				10/27/01	10/28/00
Sales	\$1,018,170	\$ 1,109,407	-8%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales	796,627	850,935	-6%	78.2%	76.7%
Gross profit	221,543	258,472	-14%	21.8%	23.3%
S, G & A	192,960	189,056	2%	19.0%	17.0%
Operating profit	28,583	69,416	-59%	2.8%	6.3%
Interest expense	5,000	8,849	-43%	0.5%	0.8%
Interest income	745	782	-5%	0.1%	0.1%
Other income, net	626	6,476	-90%	0.1%	0.5%
Pretax income	24,954	67,825	-63%	2.5%	6.1%
Income tax expense	9,732	25,906	-62%	39.0% *	38.2% *
Net income	\$15,222	\$41,919	-64%	1.5%	3.8%
Basic EPS	\$0.25	\$0.69	-64%		
Diluted avg. shares	60,994	60,957	0%		
Diluted EPS	\$0.25	\$0.69	-64%		
Dividends paid per share	\$0.18	\$0.17	6%		

* As a percent of pretax income, not sales.

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

Cash flows from
investing
activities
Proceeds from
disposals of
assets 304 253
843 439 Capital
expenditures
(5,871) (9,678)
(11,956)
(17,073) Change
in other long-
term assets
(3,973) (818)
(737) 2,330

Cash used for
investing
activities
(9,540)
(10,243)
(11,850)
(14,304) Cash
flows from
financing
activities
Proceeds from
debt 6,206
15,000 41,576
77,000 Payment
of debt
(21,050)
(7,857)
(76,147)
(66,617)
Capital leases
(134) (134)
(271) 712 Stock
issued for
stock options &
401(k) plans,
net 4,580 3,495
9,528 5,915
Repurchase of
common stock
(6,586)
(11,241)
(6,586)
(23,249)
Dividends paid
(5,492) (5,432)
(10,956)
(10,338)

Cash used for
financing
activities
(22,476)
(6,169)
(42,856)
(16,577) Effect
of exchange
rate changes on
cash (533)
(563) (714)
(671)

Change in cash
and equivalents
(17,650)
(1,284) 1,232
2,388 Cash and
equivalents at
beginning of
period 42,447

18,025 23,565
14,353

Cash and
equivalents at
end of period
\$24,797 \$16,741
\$24,797 \$16,741

Cash paid
during period—
Income taxes
\$5,437 \$18,278
\$8,500 \$24,726
Interest
\$2,954 \$3,992
\$5,216 \$6,249

The
accompanying
Notes to
Consolidated
Financial
Statements are
an integral
part of these
statements.

NOTES TO
CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS Note

1: Basis of
Presentation
The unaudited
interim
financial
information is
prepared in
conformity with
generally
accepted
accounting
principles and,
except as
indicated in
Notes 6 and 7,
such principles
are applied on
a basis
consistent with
those reflected
in our 2001
Annual Report
on Form 10-K,
filed with the
Securities and
Exchange
Commission.
Management has
prepared the
financial
information
included in
these financial
statements. The
consolidated
balance sheet
as of April 28,
2001 has been
audited by our
independent
certified
public
accountants.
The unaudited
interim
financial

~~information as of and for the interim periods ended October 27, 2001 and October 28, 2000 has been prepared on a basis~~

~~consistent with, but does not include all the disclosures contained in, the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended April 28, 2001.~~

~~The unaudited interim financial information includes all adjustments and accruals, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, which are, in our opinion, necessary for a fair presentation of results for the respective interim period.~~

~~Certain prior year information has been reclassified to be comparable to the current year presentation.~~

~~Note 2: Interim Results The foregoing interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the full fiscal year ending April 27, 2002.~~

~~Note 3: Restructuring In the second quarter ended October 27, 2001, an expense of \$13.2 million was recognized relating to a restructuring plan announced on October 25, 2001. \$3.7 million of the expense related to our Upholstery Group and \$9.5 million related to our~~

Casegoods Group. The plan involves closing down three of our manufacturing facilities and converting two others to warehousing, sub-assembly and import service operations. The impact will be a reduction of manufacturing space of 1.25 million square feet and 933 production and management positions with an estimated net reduction across the company of 570 employees. The \$13.2 million charge, which is included in cost of sales, was made up of fixed asset writedowns of \$6.2 million, severance and benefit related costs of \$4.0 million, inventory writedowns of \$1.5 million and other restructuring related costs of \$1.5 million. At October 27, 2001, the associated liability was \$5.5 million. This amount consists of severance and benefit related costs of \$4.0 million and other restructuring related costs of \$1.5 million. This plan is expected to be completed by the end of the fiscal year. At April 28, 2001, a liability of \$3.9 million existed relating to a restructuring plan announced on April 19, 2001. This amount consisted of \$1.2 million

for severance and benefit related expenses and \$2.7 million for other restructuring related costs. At October 27, 2001, the liability was \$2.3 million. This amount consists of severance and benefit related costs of \$0.6 million and other restructuring related costs of \$1.7 million. No restructuring charges or credits were recognized in the income statement in the second quarter ended October 27, 2001 related to this restructuring announcement. We believe the existing restructuring liability will be adequate to cover future severance, benefits, fixed assets or other restructuring costs relating to the announcements on April 19, 2001 and October 25, 2001. Note 4: Other Income: Insurance Recovery-Other income in last year's six months and second quarter included \$4.9 million resulting from a business interruption insurance recovery. Note 5: Earnings per Share-Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share uses the weighted-

~~average number
of shares
outstanding
during the
period plus the
additional
common shares
that would be
outstanding if
the dilutive
potential
common shares
issuable under
employee stock
options were
issued.
(Unaudited)
(Unaudited)
Second Quarter
Ended Six
Months Ended~~

~~(Amounts in
thousands)
10/27/01
10/28/00
10/27/01
10/28/00~~

~~Weighted
average common
shares
outstanding
(basic) 60,914
60,527 60,842
60,802 Effect
of options 138
157 152 155~~

~~Weighted
average common
shares
outstanding
(diluted)
61,052 60,684
60,994 60,957
=====~~

~~=====
===== Note
6: Accounting
Change
Beginning with
the first
quarter ended
July 28, 2001,
we implemented
Financial
Accounting
Standards Board
Statement
(SFAS) No. 133
"Accounting for
Derivative
Instruments and
Hedging
Activities," as
amended.
Interest rate
swap
arrangements
have been
formally
designated as
hedges and the~~

effect of marking these contracts to market as of April 29, 2001 was recorded in "Accum. other comprehensive loss" on the balance sheet in the amount of \$1.2 million, net of taxes. Note 7:

Segment Information Our reportable operating segments are the Upholstery Group and the Casegoods Group. These segments are different from the segments used in our fiscal 2001 annual report.

The new segments reflect the organizational change announced July 23, 2001 that realigned our top management team. The operating divisions that comprise the Upholstery Group are Bauhaus, Centurion, Clayton Marcus, England, HickoryMark, La-Z-Boy, La-Z-Boy Contract Furniture and Sam Moore. The primary products produced and sold in the Upholstery Group are recliners, sofas, occasional chairs and reclining sofas. These products are mostly or fully covered with fabric, leather or vinyl, although exposed wood and other materials are used as well.

The operating divisions that comprise the Casegoods Group are Alexvale,

~~American Drew,
 American of
 Martinsville,
 Hammary,
 Kincaid, Lea,
 Pennsylvania
 House and
 Pilliod. The
 primary
 products
 produced or
 sold in the
 Casegoods Group
 are casegoods,
 business
 furniture and
 upholstered
 furniture.
 Casegoods
 include dining
 room tables and
 chairs, chinas,
 beds, dressers,
 chests, youth
 furniture and
 other case
 pieces for both
 the dining room
 and bedroom, as
 well as coffee
 tables, end
 tables, and
 entertainment
 centers for the
 living room and
 great room
 area. Restated
 comparable
 segment
 information for
 all quarters in
 fiscal 2000 and
 fiscal 2001 can
 be found in our
 first quarter
 Form 10-Q filed
 September 7,
 2001. The
 financial
 results of our
 operating
 segments were
 as follows:~~

~~(Amounts in
 thousands)
 10/27/01
 10/28/00
 10/27/01
 10/28/00~~

~~— Sales
 Upholstery
 Group \$390,344
 \$389,115
 \$699,958
 \$712,558
 Casegoods Group
 169,118 203,631
 318,631 397,073
 Eliminations~~

~~(273) (46)~~
~~(419) (224)~~

Consolidated
\$559,189
\$592,700
\$1,018,170
\$1,109,407
=====
=====
=====
Operating
Profit
Upholstery
Group \$32,215
\$39,148 \$44,181
\$60,610
Casegoods Group
(5,019) 11,014
(5,046) 19,235
Corp. exps. &
other (5,590)
(5,326)
(10,552)
~~(10,429)~~

Consolidated
\$21,606 \$44,836
\$28,583 \$69,416
=====
=====
=====

ITEM 2-
MANAGEMENT'S
DISCUSSION AND
ANALYSIS OF
FINANCIAL
CONDITION AND
RESULTS OF
OPERATION
Cautionary
Statement
Concerning
Forward Looking
Statements We
are making
forward looking
statements in
this item.
Generally,
forward-
looking
statements
include
information
concerning
possible or
assumed future
actions, events
or results of
operations.
More
specifically,
forward looking
statements
include the
information in
this document
regarding:
future income
and margins
future economic
performance
future growth
industry trends

adequacy and cost of financial resources management plans. Forward-looking statements also include those preceded or followed by the words "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "hopes," "plans," "intends" and "expects" or similar expressions. With respect to all forward-looking statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Many important factors, including future economic, political and industry conditions (for example, changes in interest rates, changes in consumer demand, changes in currency exchange rates, changes in demographics and consumer preferences, e-commerce developments, oil price changes, terrorism impacts and changes in the availability and cost of capital); competitive factors (such as the competitiveness of foreign-made products, new manufacturing technologies, or other actions taken by current or new competitors); operating

factors (for example, supply, labor, or distribution disruptions, changes in operating conditions or costs, effects of restructuring actions and changes in regulatory environment); and factors relating to acquisitions, could affect our future results and could cause those results or other outcomes to differ materially from what may be expressed or implied in our forward looking statements. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward looking statements for new developments or otherwise.

Results of Operations
Second Quarter Ended October 27, 2001
Compared to
Second Quarter Ended October 28, 2000. See page 4 for the consolidated statement of income with analysis of percentages and calculations.
Unaudited
Second Quarter Ended

Sales Operating Profit

FY02 FY02 \$ Over Percent of Total \$ Over Percent of Sales (Under)

(Under) FY01
FY02 FY01 FY01
FY02 FY01

decreased from 24.0% to 22.1%.

The primary reason for the drop was due to the \$13.2 million of restructuring expenses described further in Note 3 to the interim consolidated financial statements included in this report. Most of the restructuring expenses related to our Caseloads Group segment.

Without the restructuring expenses our gross profit margin would have improved to 24.5% of sales from last year's 24.0%.

This improvement, despite the 6% sales decline, primarily reflects the results of management's effort to adjust capacity and fixed costs in response to declining unit sales volume. In particular, the restructuring and other productivity improvements announced in April 2001 are now positively impacting gross profit margins.

Healthcare expenses were also up from the prior year's quarter, which also occurred last quarter. Our healthcare cost increases are similar to national trends.

Selling, General & Administrative (S, G & A) expenses increased 5% or about \$4.8 million. As a percent of sales, SG&A

increased from 16.4% to 18.2% in part because of lower sales volume. One reason for the increase as a percent of sales was our decision to continue most of our advertising expenses at levels necessary to support full year marketing objectives. Continuation of advertising and other promotional support has been consistent throughout the last few quarters through this weak retail environment. Research and development expenses were also up as a percent of sales, similar to last quarter. Interest expense declined 55% and as a percent of sales declined from 0.8% last year to 0.4%. This decline was due to reduced debt levels and lower interest rates. Other income decreased 94% or \$5.5 million from last year's second quarter. Last year's quarter included a one-time \$4.9 million business interruption insurance recovery. Six Months Ended October 27, 2001 Compared to Six Months Ended October 28, 2000. Unaudited Six Months Ended 10/27/01

— Sales
Operating

~~in our Casegoods Group were impacted by stronger competition from imported products as well. Gross profit as a percent of sales for the first half ended October 27, 2001 decreased from 23.3% to 21.8%. The primary reason for the drop was due to the \$13.2 million restructuring expenses recorded in the second quarter as described in Note 3. Most of the restructuring expenses related to our Casegoods Group segment. The decline in sales along with our decision to control inventory levels also contributed to the reduction in gross margins due to fixed manufacturing costs not being reduced in proportion to sales reductions. Healthcare expenses were also up from the prior year's first half; similar to nationwide healthcare cost trends. Without the restructuring expenses the gross profit margin would have been almost equal to last year's 23.3%. Selling, General & Administrative (S, G & A) expenses increased 2% or about \$3.9 million. As a percent of sales, SG&A increased from 17.0% to 19.0% in part due to~~

reduced sales volume. One reason for the increase was our decision to continue most of our advertising expenses at levels necessary to support full year marketing objectives. Continuation of advertising and other promotional support has been consistent throughout the last few quarters through this weak retail environment. Research and development expenses were also up as a percent of sales. Interest expense declined 43% and as a percent of sales declined from 0.8% last year to 0.5%. This decline was due to reduced debt levels and lower interest rates. Other income decreased \$5.8 million. Last year's quarter included a one-time \$4.9 million business interruption insurance recovery. Liquidity and Capital Resources - Cash flows from operations amounted to \$57 million in the first six months of fiscal year 2002 compared to \$34 million in the prior year. In the aggregate, capital expenditures, dividends and stock repurchases totaled approximately \$29 million during the first six month

period, which is down from about \$51 million in the first six months of fiscal 2001. Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$1 million during the six month period compared to an increase of \$2 million in the prior year.

Inventories declined 10% or \$28 million from last year on a FIFO basis.

Inventories also declined 6% or \$15 million compared to last quarter (our first quarter)

whereas at the end of October last year they increased 3% from the first to the second quarter. These declines were primarily the result of efforts to reduce

inventories as sales levels declined. The largest reductions in inventory were in our

Casegoods segment that also had our largest reduction in sales. We

believe we have a very strong capital structure as evidenced by a low debt to capitalization ratio of 20.6% as well as a strong current ratio and interest

coverage ratio. As of October 27, 2001, we had line of credit

availability of approximately \$314 million under several credit agreements.

Capital expenditures

were \$6 million during the three months ended October 27, 2001 and \$12 million for the six months compared to last year's \$10 million for the quarter and \$17 million for the six months.

During the second quarter we repurchased 418,000 shares of our common stock, at an average price of \$15.76 per share. As of October 27, 2001, 847,000 La-Z-Boy shares authorized for purchase on the open market were still available for purchase by us.

Outlook We believe the longer term outlook for our industry remains very positive — especially for a company such as La-Z-Boy, operating under the umbrella of powerful consumer brand names and a strong and growing proprietary distribution system. We expect recent and projected declines in U.S. interest rates to ultimately rejuvenate consumer spending and strengthen housing turnover and home remodeling — both strong drivers of retail furniture demand. Nevertheless, current consumer sentiment remains highly unsettled, and we anticipate challenging conditions in our third fiscal quarter. Our sales are

~~expected to decline in mid single digit percentages in the third quarter compared to last year's third quarter. We expect our Upholstery Group segment sales to show a small percentage improvement over the prior year. We expect our Casegoods Group segment to have a double digit percentage decline in sales but not quite as deep as the 17% decline experienced in this year's second quarter. Casegoods Group sales trends (percent decreases vs. prior year comparable quarters) are improving and we expect them to continue to improve from the 23% decline in the first quarter. But we are not anticipating that Casegoods' dollar level of sales will reach comparable year earlier levels this fiscal year or in the first half of next fiscal year. We expect interest expense to continue to be substantially less next quarter than in the prior year quarter. It also should be less than this second quarter's amount. We are anticipating our full year income tax rate to be similar to last year's 39.0%. Because most of our recent restructuring actions in both~~

~~April and October applied to our Casegoods Group segment we are expecting improved operating margins for this segment in future quarters. We estimate that our diluted net income per share for the third quarter ending January 2002 will be between \$0.26 — \$0.30 compared to \$0.27 last year. Our tentative estimate for the fiscal year ended April 2002 is presently \$1.05 — \$1.12 excluding restructuring charges. We expect capital expenditures of approximately \$30 million for the full year of fiscal 2002, down from the \$35 million we estimated on July 28, 2001. This compares to \$37 million actual capital expenditures in fiscal 2001. We have a commitment to purchase about \$7 million of equipment by the end of fiscal 2002. We expect to continue to be in the open market for purchasing our shares from time to time as changes in our stock price and other factors present appropriate opportunities. We expect to meet our cash needs for capital expenditures, stock repurchases and dividends during fiscal year 2002 from cash generated by operations and borrowings~~

under available lines of credit. Recently the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 142 "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" which must be implemented no later than the beginning of our next fiscal year. We believe there will be at least two probable effects of implementing SFAS 142, although we have not yet determined other possible effects including potential impairment charges upon adoption. One effect would be to cause goodwill amortization to cease. Our goodwill amortization expense last year (fiscal 2001) was \$4.4 million. Goodwill amortization is not deductible for our tax expense purposes. We estimate that goodwill amortization expense will be similar this year to the expense of last year. If so, and assuming dilutive shares outstanding also are similar, then the cessation of goodwill amortization expense would favorably impact fiscal 2003 earnings per share by about \$0.07. We believe that another probable effect of SFAS 142 would be to eliminate the amortization

~~expense related to our indefinite-lived trade names for financial reporting purposes. Our trade names amortization expense last year was \$4.7 million. Trade names amortization is deductible for our tax expense accounting purposes. Given similar dilutive shares assumptions and assuming a similar tax rate to this year, next year's earnings per share would be about \$0.05 higher than this year's due to the cessation of trade names amortization expense.~~

~~Recently the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 144 "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long Lived Assets". We have not yet determined the impact of this SFAS, if any, on our financial statements.~~

~~ITEM 3.~~

~~QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK We are exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates. Our exposure to interest rate risk results from our floating rate \$300 million revolving credit facility under which we had \$100 million borrowed at October 27, 2001. We have entered into several interest rate~~

swap agreements with counter-parties that are participants in the revolving credit facility to reduce the impact of changes in interest rates on a portion of this floating rate debt. We believe that potential credit loss from counter-party non-performance is minimal. The purpose of these swaps is to fix interest rates on a notional amount of \$70 million for a three year period at 6.095% plus our applicable borrowing spread under the revolving credit facility, which can range from .475% to .800%.

Management estimates that a 1% change in interest rates would not have a material impact on the results of operations for fiscal 2002 based upon the quarter end levels of exposed liabilities. We are exposed to market risk from changes in the value of foreign currencies. Our exposure to changes in the value of foreign currencies is reduced through our use of foreign currency forward contracts. Substantially all of our imported purchased parts are denominated in U.S. dollars. Thus, we believe that gains or losses resulting from changes in the

value of
foreign
currencies will
not be material
to our results
of operations
in fiscal year
2002. ITEM 6.
EXHIBITS AND
REPORTS ON FORM
8-K (a)
Exhibits (10.1)
Form of Change
in Control
Agreement (Note
1). Executive
officers
currently
covered;
Patrick H.
Norton, Gerald
L. Kiser, David
M. Risley.
(10.2) La Z Boy
Incorporated
1986 Incentive
Stock Option
Plan (Note 2)
(11) Statement
of Computation
of Earnings See
note 5 to the
financial
statements
included in
this report.
(b) Reports on
Form 8-K We
filed a Form 8-
K on August 15,
2001 containing
a press release
and financial
information
about our
actual first
quarter fiscal
year 2002
financial
results. We
filed a Form 8-
K on October
25, 2001
containing a
press release
about our
expected second
quarter
financial
results and a
new
restructuring
charge. Notes
to Exhibits
Note 1.
Incorporated by
reference to an
exhibit to Form
8-K dated
February 6,
1995. Note 2.
Incorporated by
reference to an
exhibit to
definitive
proxy statement
dated June 29,
2001.

SIGNATURE

~~Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized. LA-Z-BOY INCORPORATED~~

~~(Registrant)~~

~~Date: November~~

~~14, 2001~~

~~/s/James J.~~

~~Korsnack~~

~~James J.~~

~~Korsnack Chief~~

~~Accounting~~

~~Officer~~

